



PART A

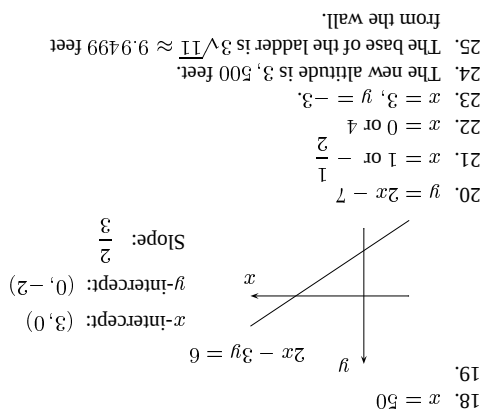
Answer all questions to 4 decimal places (except where this is obviously an insane request).

- Find the value of the expression: $\frac{6 - (2 + 1)}{3(8 - 6)}$.
- Find the value of: $(3 - 4 \times 5 + 3)^0$.
- Do $x = 2$ and $y = -3$ satisfy $4x - y = 11$? Why? (Show your work.)
- What is the slope of the line $2x + y = 5$?
- What is the slope of the line $x = 3$?
- What is the equation of the line that passes through the point $(2, -1)$ and $(-1, -1)$?
- Solve for B : $h = \frac{2A}{B + b}$.
- Solve by factoring: $3x^2 + 5x = 2$.
- Rationalize the denominator:
(a) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$ (b) $\frac{2}{2 - \sqrt{5}}$
- Find the values of x for which the rational expression is undefined:
 $\frac{2x - 3}{x^2 + x - 6}$.
- Combine and simplify.
(a) $\frac{12x^3}{3x^2}$ (b) $(5x - 3) - (x^2 - 2x)$
(c) $2x^2 \cdot 5x^3 \cdot x$ (d) $(2x^{-1})^{-2}$ (e) $(x + 7)(x - 2)$
(f) $\sqrt{6x} \cdot \sqrt{2x^3} \cdot \sqrt{3x^4}$ (g) $\sqrt{28} - \sqrt{63}$
(h) $\frac{12x^4 - 9x}{3x}$ (i) $(5x^2)(3x^4 - 7x^2)$
(j) $\sqrt{7}(\sqrt{7} + 3)$ (k) $(\sqrt{3} - 2)(\sqrt{3} + 2)$
- Factor completely:
(a) $x^2 - 11xy + 30y^2$ (b) $4x^5 - 12x^4 - 40x^3$
(c) $x^2 - 2x + 5x - 10$
- Solve for x : $3(3x - 5) = 4(3x - 1) - 17$.

PART B

- Divide and write in the answer in the form $Q(x) + \frac{R(x)}{d(x)}$.
(a) $\frac{x^4 + 2x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 1}{x^2 + 1}$ (b) $\frac{4x^3 - 10x^2 + 5x - 2}{x - 2}$
- Simplify by factoring and cancelling common factors:
 $\frac{2x^2 - 5x - 12}{x^2 + x - 20} \div \frac{4x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 4x - 5}$
- Subtract and write the answer in lowest terms:
 $\frac{1}{x^2 - 1} - \frac{1}{x^2 + 3x + 2}$
- Solve the equation and check your answer:
 $\frac{6}{5x + 10} - \frac{1}{x - 5} = \frac{2}{x^2 - 3x - 10}$
- Graph $2x - 3y = 6$, and state the x -intercept, the y -intercept and the slope.
- Find the equation of a line that passes through $(2, -3)$ and is perpendicular to $x + 2y = 7$.
- Solve for x using the quadratic formula, $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$:
 $2x^2 - x = 1$
- Solve for x : $(x - 2)^2 = 4$.
- Solve the system of equations algebraically:
$$\begin{array}{rcl} 2x & + & 3y = -6 \\ 3x & - & y = 12 \end{array}$$
- An aeroplane is flying at an altitude of 8,000 feet. It then descends 3,000 feet and a half hour later descends another 1,500 feet. What is the new altitude?
- A ladder is 18 feet long. It reaches 15 feet up on a wall. How far is the base of the ladder from the wall?

ANSWERS



1. $\frac{1}{2}$
2. 1
3. Yes.
4. The slope of the line is -2
5. The line has no slope.
6. The equation of the line is $y = -1$
7. $B = \frac{24 - h}{h}$
8. $x = \frac{1}{3}$ or $x = -2$
9. (a) $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$ (b) $-2(2 + \sqrt{5})$
10. $x = -3$ or $x = 2$
11. (a) $4x$ (b) $-x^2 + 7x - 3$ (c) $10x^6$ (d) $\frac{4}{x^2}$ (e) $x^2 + 5x - 14$ (f) $6x^4$
12. (a) $(x - 5)(y - 6)$ (b) $4x^3(x - 5)(x + 2)$ (c) $(x - 2)(x + 5)$
13. $x = 2$
14. (a) $x^2 + 2x + 1 + \frac{x^2}{-3x - 2}$ (b) $4x^2 - 2x + 1 + \frac{x}{0}$
15. $\frac{x - 1}{2x - 3}$
16. $\frac{(x - 2)(x + 1)(x - 1)}{2(2x - 3)}$
17. $\frac{(x - 1)(x + 1)(x - 2)}{3}$