6. (8 points) Solve the following equations by factoring.

(a)
$$x^2 - 5x - 6 = 0$$

(b)
$$x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 12 = 0$$

(c)
$$(2x-1)^2-9=0$$

(d)
$$6x^4 + 5x^3 - 4x^2 = 0$$

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5. [4] Factor completely.

(a)
$$4x^4 + 8x^2 - 12$$

(b)
$$24x^2 + 3x^5$$

6. [6] Solve by factoring.

(a)
$$3x^2 + 5x = 2$$

(b)
$$16x^3 - x = 0$$

(c)
$$2x^3 + x^2 - 18x - 9 = 0$$

11. [3] Rationalize the denominator and simplify.

(a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3\sqrt{6}}$$

(b)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{5}}$$

11. [3] Rationalize the denominator and simplify.

(a)
$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{10}}$$

(b)
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2}}{3\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3}}$$

12.[3] Using the Quadratic Formula, find the solution(s) to $2(x^2+3x)=x^2-6$.

13.[3] By completing the square, find the solution(s) to $x^2 - 24 = 10x$.

14.[3] By taking square roots, find the solution(s) to $16(x-\frac{3}{4})^2-25=0$.

12. [3] Using the Quadratic Formula, find the solution(s) to $4x^2 + 3x = 1$.

13. [3] By completing the square, find the solution(s) to $x^2 + 6x - 31 = 0$.

14. [3] By taking square roots, find the solution(s) to $4(2x+4)^2 = 32$.

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Factorize each expression completely.

a.
$$x^4 - 13x^2 + 36$$

b.
$$16s^4 - 2st^3$$

8. Solve each equation for *x* by factorizing.

a.
$$4x^2 - 28x = 120$$

b.
$$15x^2 - 4x = 3x + 4$$

a.
$$4x^2 - 28x = 120$$
 b. $15x^2 - 4x = 3x + 4$ c. $2x^3 - 9x^2 = 8x - 36$

9. Rationalize the denominator and simplify the result. Be sure to leave no square under a square root sign.

a.
$$\frac{15}{\sqrt{5}}$$

b.
$$\frac{4\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6+3\sqrt{2}}}$$

10. Solve the equation $\sqrt{4-12x}-6=2x$ for x.

11. Solve the equation $x^2 - 6 = 3x$ for x by completing the square.

12. Solve the equation $3x^2 + 4x + 5 = 0$ for x by using the Quadratic Formula.

13. Solve the equation $\frac{1}{4}(x-7)^2 - 30 = -5$ for x by taking square roots.