Problem 1 [10], Evaluate $\int \int_D e^{y-x} dx dy$, where D is the interior of the triangle with vertices (0,0), (3,1), and (2,2).

Problem 2 [10], Given that the double integral $\int \int_D f(x,y) dx dy$ of a positive continuous function f equals the iterated integral $\int_0^1 [\int_{x^2}^x f(x,y) dy] dx$, sketch the region D and interchange the order of integration.

Problem 3 [10], Find the volume of the region common to the intersecting cylinders $x^2 + z^2 \le a^2$ and $y^2 + z^2 \le a^2$.

Problem 4 [10],

- (a.) Sketch the region for the integral $\int_0^1 \int_0^x \int_0^y f(x, y, z) dz dy dx$.
- (b.) Write the integral with the integration order dxdydz.

Problem 5 [10], For the region $W = \{(x, y, z) | |x| \le 1, |y| \le 1, z \ge 0 \text{ and } x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 1\}$, find the appropriate limits $\phi_1(x), \phi_2(x), \gamma_1(x, y)$ and $\gamma_2(x, y)$, and write the triple integral over W as iterated integral in the form

$$\int \int \int_{W} f dV = \int_{a}^{b} \{ \int_{\phi_{1}(x)}^{\phi_{2}(x)} [\int_{\gamma_{1}(x,y)}^{\gamma_{2}(x,y)} f(x,y,z)dz] dy \} dx.$$

Problem 6 [10], Calculate $\int \int_R \frac{1}{x+y} dy dx$, where R is the region bounded by x = 0, y = 0, x + y = 1, x + y = 4, by using the mapping T(u, v) = (u - uv, uv).

Problem 7 [10], Let *D* be the unit disk. Express $\int \int_D (1 + x^2 + y^2)^{\frac{3}{2}} dx dy$ as an integral over $[0,1] \times [0,2\pi]$ and evaluate.

Problem 8 [10], Use spherical coordinates to evaluate

$$\int_0^3 \int_0^{\sqrt{9-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{9-x^2-y^2}} \frac{(x^2+y^2+z^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}{1+[x^2+y^2+z^2]^3} dz dy dx.$$

Problem 9 [10], Let f be a function defined in $B = \{x^2 + y^2 + z^2 < 1\}$, suppose f is continuous at the origin and f(0,0,0) = 1. Denote B_r be the ball of radius r > 0 centered at the origin. Let $V(B_r)$ be the volume of B_r . Prove that

$$\lim_{r \to 0} \frac{1}{V(B_r)} \int \int \int_{B_r} f(x, y, z) dV = 1.$$

Problem 10 [10], Find improper integral $\int \int \int_{\mathbb{R}^3} f(x, y, z) dx dy dz$, where

$$f(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{\left[1 + (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}\right]^5}.$$