## MATH 556 - ASSIGNMENT 2

To be handed in not later than 11.59pm, 31st October 2022. Please submit your solutions as pdf via myCourses.

1. Consider the discrete pmf,  $f_X$ , defined for i = 1, 2, ... by

$$f_X(x_i) = p_i$$

where  $\mathbb{X} = \{x_1, x_2, \ldots\}$ , with  $x_i > 0$  for all i. Suppose that  $\mu = \mathbb{E}_X[X] < \infty$ .

Show that

$$\mu e^{\mu} \le \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} p_i x_i e^{x_i}.$$

4 Marks

- 2. For the following cfs,  $\varphi_X$ , find the corresponding distribution (by name, or in terms of the pmf, pdf or cdf), or demonstrate why the function is not a valid cf. You may quote results from the distributions formula sheet or from lectures.
  - (a) For  $t \in \mathbb{R}$

$$\varphi_X(t) = \frac{2}{2+t^2}$$

2 Marks

(b) For  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ 

$$\varphi_X(t) = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos(t) + i\sin(t))$$

2 Marks

(c) For  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ 

$$\varphi_X(t) = \frac{1}{2}e^{it}\left(1 + \exp\{e^{it} - 1 - it\}\right)$$

4 Marks

3. A key result for cfs is that if X and Y are independent, and Z = X + Y, then

$$\varphi_Z(t) = \varphi_X(t)\varphi_Y(t).$$

Does this result ever hold if Z = X + Y but X and Y are **not** independent? Justify your answer.

4 Marks

4. Suppose that  $X \sim Exponential(1)$  with cf denoted  $\varphi_X(t)$ , and that  $\phi(\cdot)$  is the standard normal pdf. Consider the function

$$\varphi(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \varphi_X(ts)\phi(s) \ ds.$$

Is  $\varphi(t)$  a valid cf? Justify your answer.

4 Marks