

MATH 556 - ASSIGNMENT 1

*To be handed in not later than 10pm, 29th September 2014.
Please submit your solutions as pdf via myCourses*

1. The absolutely continuous cdf F_X has density

$$f_X(x) = c \exp\{-\lambda|x - \theta|\} \quad x \in \mathbb{R}$$

for parameters $\lambda > 0$ and $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$.

Compute

- (i) The constant c ;
- (ii) The cdf F_X ;
- (iii) The quantile function Q_X ;
- (iv) The expectation $\mathbb{E}_X[X]$;
- (v) The variance $\text{Var}_X[X]$.

5 Marks

2. A vector of p random variables are termed *independent* if

$$\mathbb{P}_X \left[\bigcap_{j=1}^p (X_j \in A_j) \right] = \prod_{j=1}^p \mathbb{P}_{X_j}[X_j \in A_j]$$

for all sets $A_1, \dots, A_p \subset \mathbb{R}$. This statement can be interpreted equivalently using cdfs or pdfs.

Consider the joint density defined on the unit cube $\mathcal{C}^3 \equiv (0, 1)^3$.

$$f_{X_1, X_2, X_3}(x_1, x_2, x_3) = c(1 - \sin(2\pi x_1) \sin(2\pi x_2) \sin(2\pi x_3))$$

and zero otherwise, for some constant c .

- (a) Are (X_1, X_2) independent?
- (b) Are (X_1, X_2, X_3) independent?

2 Marks

3 Marks

Justify your answers.

3. Suppose that X_1, \dots, X_n are independent and identically distributed standard normal random variables (Normal(0, 1)). Consider the transformed random variables

$$S = \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 \quad T_i = X_i^2/S \quad i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

Show S and $T = (T_1, \dots, T_n)$ are independent, that is, the joint pdf of S and T factorizes into the marginal for S and the marginal for T for all arguments $(s, t) \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1}$.

6 Marks

4. Show that if $X \sim \text{Pareto}(\theta, \alpha)$ (parameterized as on the distributions handout), then

$$X \stackrel{d}{=} g(Z)$$

where $Z \sim \text{Exponential}(1)$, and $g(\cdot)$ is some transformation to be found.

4 Marks