## MATH 556 - MID-TERM EXAMINATION 2007

## Marks can be obtained by answering all questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) Discrete random variable *X* has pmf  $f_X$  given by

$$f_X(x) = \frac{-1}{\log(1-\phi)} \frac{\phi^x}{x}$$
  $x = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ 

and zero otherwise, for parameter  $\phi$ , where  $0 < \phi < 1$ .

- (i) Find the moment generating function (mgf) for  $X, M_X(t)$ .
- (ii) Find the expectation of X.
- (b) Continuous random variable X has pdf  $f_X$  given by

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 0\\ \theta x & 0 \le x < 1\\ \theta e^{-2(x-1)} & x \ge 1 \end{cases}$$

for some parameter  $\theta$ .

Find the value of  $\theta$ , and the corresponding cdf,  $F_X$ .

- 2. In answering this question, you may quote results from the formula sheet.
  - (a) The joint pmf or pdf of random variables *X* and *Y* can be specified in the following way:

$$f_{X,Y}(x,y) = f_{X|Y}(x|y) f_Y(y).$$

(i) Find the marginal pmf of *X* if

$$X|Y = y \sim Binomial(n, y)$$

for positive integer n, and continuous random variable Y has a Uniform(0,1) marginal distribution.

(ii) Find the marginal pdf of X if

$$X|Y = y \sim Exponential(y)$$

and  $Y \sim Exponential(\beta)$  for parameter  $\beta > 0$ .

- (b) Suppose that random variables  $Z_1, \ldots, Z_n$  are independent and identically distributed, having a Normal(0, 1) distribution.
  - (i) Identify the distribution of  $Y_1 = Z_1^2$ . Show your working.
  - (ii) Identify the distribution of  $S_n$  where

$$S_n = \sum_{i=1}^n Z_i^2.$$

Justify your answer.

3. (a) Suppose that  $U_1$  and  $U_2$  are independent and identically distributed random variables having a Uniform(0,1) distribution. By direct consideration of the cdf, or otherwise, find the pdf of random variable

$$X = U_1 U_2.$$

*Hint: consider an appropriate region of*  $[0,1] \times [0,1]$ *, and the ranges of integration carefully.* 

(b) If  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  are independent random variables, find the covariance between random variables

$$Y_1 = X_1 + X_2 \qquad Y_2 = X_1 - X_2$$

Are  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  independent ? Justify your answer.

Recall that the covariance between  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  is given by

 $Cov_{f_{Y_1},f_{Y_2}}[Y_1,Y_2] = E_{f_{Y_1},f_{Y_2}}[(Y_1-\mu_1)(Y_2-\mu_2)]$ 

where  $\mu_1$  and  $\mu_2$  are the expectations of  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$  respectively.

- 4. Suppose that  $C_1(t)$  and  $C_2(t)$  are the characteristic functions for continuous random variables with pdfs  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ , and that  $0 < \alpha < 1$ .
  - (a) Show that

$$C_X(t) = \alpha C_1(t) + (1 - \alpha)C_2(t)$$

is the characteristic function for a continuous random variable, X say, and find the corresponding pdf of X,  $f_X$ .

- (b) Find the characteristic function of random variable Y = -3X + 2.
- (c) Identify continuous random variables  $Z_1$  and  $Z_2$  with characteristic functions

$$C_{Z_1}(t) = \{C_X(t)\}^2$$
  $C_{Z_2}(t) = |C_X(t)|^2$ 

where  $|C_X(t)|$  is the modulus of the complex-valued function  $C_X(t)$ .

*Hint: for any complex number*  $z = re^{i\omega}$ *, say,* 

$$|z|^2 = z\overline{z}$$

where  $\overline{z} = re^{-i\omega}$  is the complex conjugate of z.

(d) Find the distribution (pmf, pdf or cdf) of random variable *Y* with the following characteristic function:

$$C_Y(t) = \frac{1 + e^{2it} + e^{-2it}}{3} \qquad t \in \mathbb{R}$$