

189-570A: Higher Algebra

Assignment 3

Due: Monday, November 20

1. Let k be a field and G be a finite group whose order is not divisible by the characteristic of k . Show that the group ring $k[G]$ is isomorphic to a direct sum of rings

$$k[G] \simeq M_{n_1}(D_1) \oplus \cdots \oplus M_{n_r}(D_r), \quad (1)$$

where each D_i is a (not necessarily commutative) field containing k in its center, and $M_n(D)$ denotes the $n \times n$ matrix ring with entries in D .

2. For each of the following values of k and G , find the invariants r , (n_1, \dots, n_r) and (D_1, \dots, D_r) for which the isomorphism (1) holds. (For this question, you will find it useful to consult the character tables you have already constructed for various groups.)

- a) $G = \mathbf{Z}/3\mathbf{Z}$, $k = \mathbf{R}$.
- b) $G = \mathbf{Z}/5\mathbf{Z}$, $k = \mathbf{Q}$.
- c) $G = \mathbf{Z}/5\mathbf{Z}$, $k = \mathbf{R}$.
- d) $G = D_8$, $k = \mathbf{R}$.
- e) $G = Q$, $k = \mathbf{R}$.
- f) $G = S_5$, $k = \mathbf{Q}$.
- g) $G = A_5$, $k = \mathbf{Q}$.

3. Let H_1 and H_2 be subgroups of a finite group G . Show that the following two conditions are equivalent.

- a) For all conjugacy classes C of G , the intersections $C \cap H_1$ and $C \cap H_2$ have the same cardinality.
- b) For all representations V of G , the dimensions of V^{H_1} and V^{H_2} are the same. (Here V^H denotes the subspace of vectors that are fixed by all elements of H .)

(Hint: You may find it useful to take another look at problem 10 of assignment 1.)

4. Let χ be a \mathbf{C} -valued character of a finite group G . Show that $|\chi(g)| \leq \chi(1)$, and that this inequality is strict when χ is the character of a non-trivial representation, $g \neq 1$, and G is a non-abelian simple group.
5. Let g be an element of order 3 in a finite group G . Show that $\chi(g)$ is rational for all characters χ , if and only if g is conjugate to g^2 . What can you say if g has order 5?
6. Let A and B be Noetherian local rings with maximal ideals m_A and m_B respectively. Let $f : A \rightarrow B$ be a ring homomorphism satisfying $f^{-1}(m_B) = m_A$, and assume that
- The induced homomorphism $A/m_A \rightarrow B/m_B$ is an isomorphism;
 - The induced homomorphism $m_A \rightarrow m_B/m_B^2$ is surjective;
 - B is finitely generated as an A -module, via f .
- Show that f is surjective.
7. Let A be a Noetherian local ring without nilpotent elements, and let E be a finitely generated A -module. Assume that for each prime ideal p of A , the dimension of E_p/pE_p over A_p/pA_p is independent of p . Show that E is a free A -module.
8. In the case where $A = \mathbf{Z}_p[[T]]$ and $E \subset A \times A$ is the set of (f, g) with $f(0) = g(0)$, show that E is not free by exhibiting two prime ideals p_1 and p_2 of A for which the dimensions of $E_{p_j}/p_jE_{p_j}$ are different.
9. Show that if R is a Noetherian ring and S is a multiplicative subset of R then $S^{-1}R$ is Noetherian. (Hence, in particular, the class of Noetherian rings is preserved by localisation.)