

## Mathematics 566 : Homework Problems (partial list)

1. Show that projective space  $\mathbf{P}^1$  is diffeomorphic to the Riemann sphere  $(\mathbf{S}^2; \{\phi_N, \phi_S\})$ .
2. Let  $\omega_1, \omega_2 \in \mathbf{C}$  be  $\mathbf{R}$ -independent vectors. Consider the lattice  $L = \{n\omega_1 + m\omega_2; n, m \in \mathbf{Z}\}$ . Show that the quotient space  $X := \mathbf{C}/L$  can be the structure of a Riemann surface.
3. Show that the set  $\{[x, y, z] \in \mathbf{P}^2; zx^2 = y(y-z)(y-2z)\}$  can be given a complex structure and is therefore a Riemann surface.
4. Show that the definition of  $\int_{\Gamma} \frac{df}{f}$  given in class is independent of the choice of cutoff functions  $\chi_j$ .
5. Let  $X, Y$  be compact, connected Riemann surfaces and  $F : X \rightarrow Y$  a holomorphic map. Show that  $F$  has finitely-many ramification points.
6. Let  $f \in \mathcal{M}(X)$  and  $F = F_f : X \rightarrow \mathbf{P}^2$  the associated holomorphic map. Show that
  - (a) If  $p \in X$  is not a pole of  $f$  then  $Mult_p(F) = Ord_p(f - f(p))$ .
  - (b) If  $p \in X$  is a pole of  $f$ , then  $Mult_p(F) = -Ord_p(f)$ .
7. Let  $R(F) = \sum_{x \in X} (Mult_x(F) - 1)$  be the ramification degree of  $F$ . Show that  $R(F)$  is even.
8. Suppose  $F \in O(D)$  where  $D = \{z \in \mathbf{C}; |z| < 1\}$  with  $F(-z) = F(z)$ . Show that there exists  $h \in O(D)$  such that  $F(z) = h(z^2)$  for all  $z \in D$ .
9. Suppose  $u \in C^2(X)$  is globally harmonic on a compact, connected Riemann surface  $X$ . Show that  $u = constant$ .
10. Show that a complex line bundle  $L \cong M \times \mathbf{C}$  if and only if it has a nowhere-vanishing section.
11. Show that if  $\omega_1, \omega_2 \in \Gamma(X, T_X^* \otimes \mathbf{C})$  are global one-forms,  $\omega_1 \wedge \omega_2$  is a globally-defined complex 2-form.
12. Show that if  $\omega = f dx + g dy$  is a smooth 1-form on  $\mathbf{R}^2$  and  $\Omega \subset \mathbf{R}^2$  is a smooth, bounded domain, then

$$\int_{\Omega} d\omega = \int_{\partial\Omega} \omega$$

is nothing but Green's formula.

13. Compute  $H_1(P^1)$ ,  $H_{dR}^1(P^1)$  and  $H_1(\mathbf{C}/\Lambda)$ ,  $H_{dR}^1(\mathbf{C}/\Lambda)$ .

14. Suppose  $V \subset \mathbf{C}$  bounded, open with compact closure  $\bar{V}$  and  $\partial\bar{V}$  smooth. Then, for  $h \in C^1(\bar{V})$ ,

$$h(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\partial V} \frac{h(\zeta)}{\zeta - z} d\zeta + \frac{1}{\pi} \int \int_V \frac{\partial h}{\partial \bar{\zeta}} \frac{d\zeta d\bar{\zeta}}{\zeta - z}.$$