Time: 1 hour

- 1. (a) Find the gcd of 350 and 4001 and express it as a linear combination of 350 and 4001.
  - (b) Is 350 invertible modulo 4001? If so, what is it's inverse?
- 2. Determine whether the following assertions are true or false. If true, prove the result, and if false, give a counterexample.
  - (a) If  $a^3|c^2$  then a|c;
  - (b) If  $a^2|c^3$  then a|c;
  - (c) If p is a prime and  $p \not\mid x$  then  $x^{\frac{p-1}{2}} \equiv \pm 1 \pmod{p}$ ;
  - (d) If  $\varphi$  is Euler's function then  $\varphi(mn) = \varphi(m)\varphi(n)$ .
- 3. Solve the system of congruences

$$9x \equiv 12 \pmod{33},$$
  
$$12x \equiv 4 \pmod{55}.$$

4. Show that  $2^{50} \equiv -1 \pmod{125}$ . Explain why this implies that 2 is a primitive root modulo 125. What is the order of 32 modulo 125?