

Assignment 4

due Thursday, March 20

Every problem is worth 5 points. Due to time constraints, some problems may not be marked.

In Problems 1 and 2, D is a domain in \mathbf{R}^3 satisfying the conditions of divergence theorem, S is the boundary of D , and \mathbf{N} is the outward unit normal to S . The functions ϕ and ψ are smooth on $D \cup S$. Finally, for any smooth f , the normal derivative of f , $\partial f / \partial n$, is defined by $\partial f / \partial n = \nabla f \cdot \mathbf{N}$.

Problem 1 (Adams, §16.4 # 23). If \mathbf{F} is a smooth vector field on a domain D , show that

$$\int \int \int_D [\phi(\operatorname{div} \mathbf{F}) + \nabla \phi \cdot \mathbf{F}] dV = \int \int_S \phi \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{N} dS.$$

Problem 2 (Adams, §16.4 # 28). Recall that Δf denotes the Laplacian of f . Verify that

$$\int \int \int_D [\phi(\Delta \psi) - \psi(\Delta \phi)] dV = \int \int_S \left[\phi \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial n} - \psi \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial n} \right] dS.$$

Problem 3 (Adams, §16.5 # 2). Evaluate $\oint_C y dx - x dy + z^2 dz$ around the curve C of the intersection of the cylinders $z = y^2$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 4$, oriented counterclockwise as seen from a point high on the z -axis.

Problem 4 (Adams, §16.5 # 6). Evaluate $\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$ around the curve

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = (\cos t, \sin t, \sin(2t)), \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi,$$

where $\mathbf{F} = (e^x - y^3, e^y + x^3, e^z)$. Hint: show that C lies on the surface $z = 2xy$.

Problem 5 (Adams, §16.5 # 10). Let C be the curve $(x - 1)^2 + 4y^2 = 16$, $2x + y + z = 3$, oriented counterclockwise when viewed from high on the z -axis. Let

$$\mathbf{F} = (y^2 + z^2 + \sin(x^2), 2xy + z, xz + 2yz).$$

Evaluate $\oint_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{r}$.